

Customizing Virtual Machine Images

...

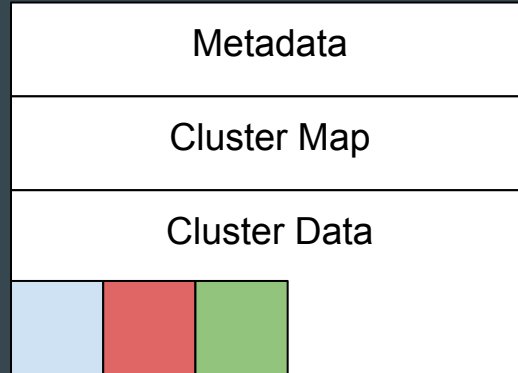
Javier Fontán - OpenNebula Developer

- There are other ways to create your images:
 - virt-install
 - packer.io
 - foreman
 - etc...
- Sometimes modifying already created images is convenient
- Even if you use other image formats you can convert them



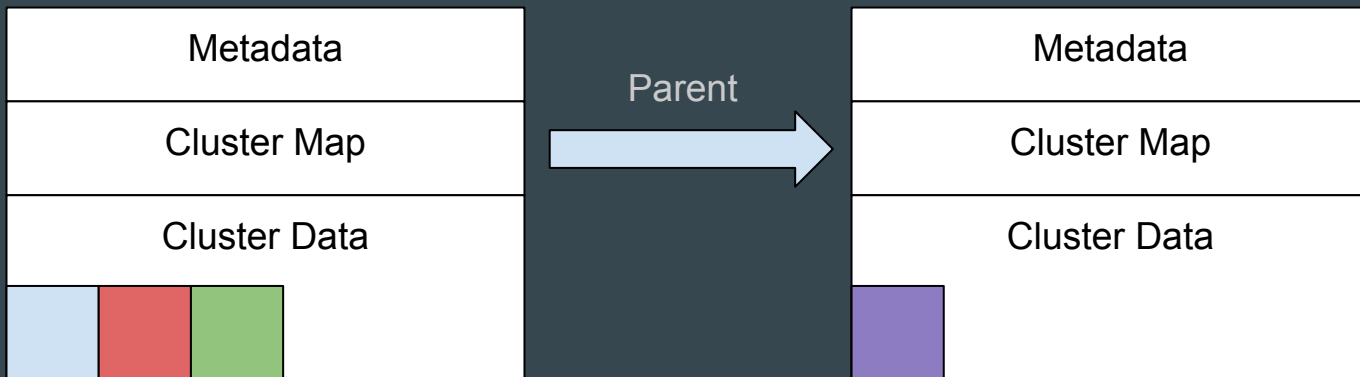
qcow2 Format

```
$ qemu-img create -f qcow2 image.qcow2 10G
```



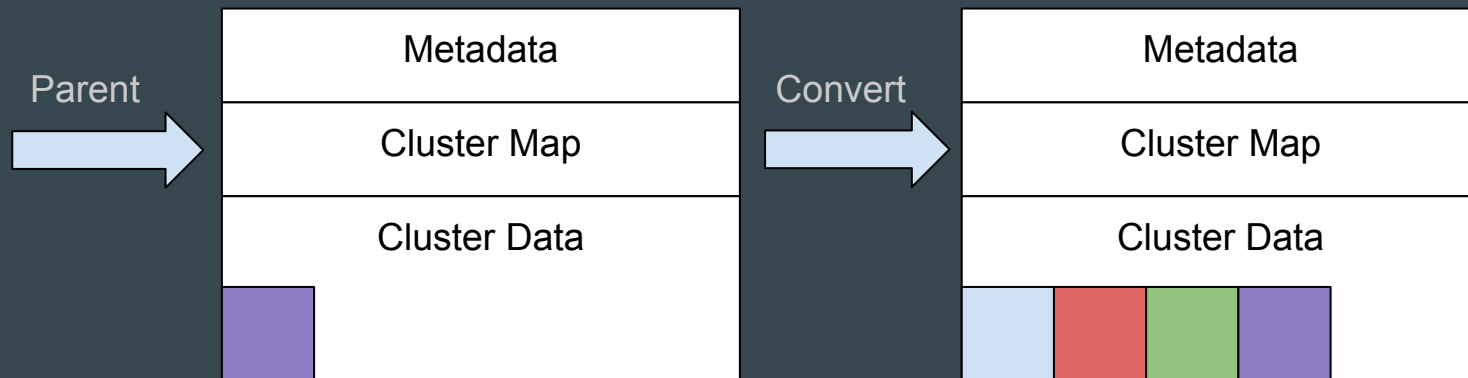
qcow2 Image With Parent

```
$ qemu-img create -f qcow2 -o backing_file=base.qcow2 image.qcow2
```



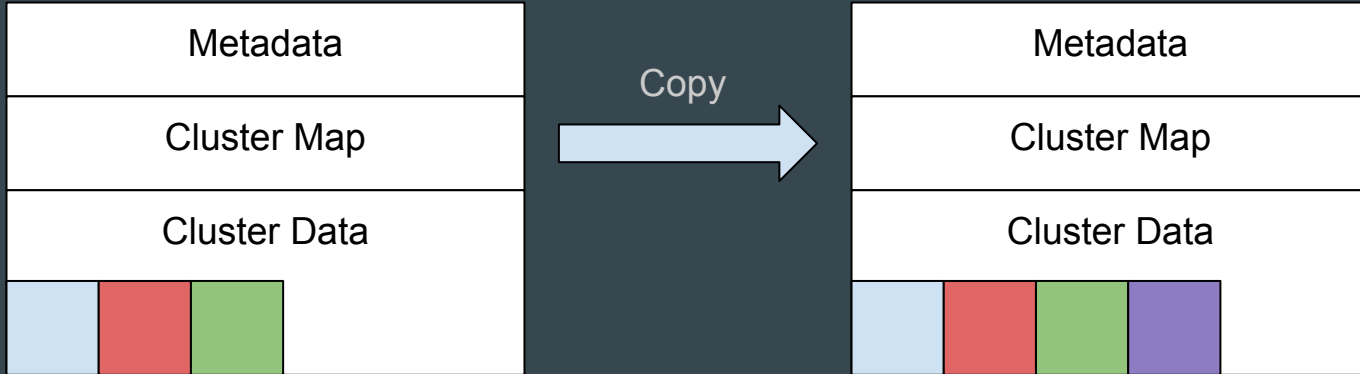
Consolidate qcow2 Image

```
$ qemu-img convert -O qcow2 image.qcow2 new_image.qcow2
```



qcow2 Image After Copy

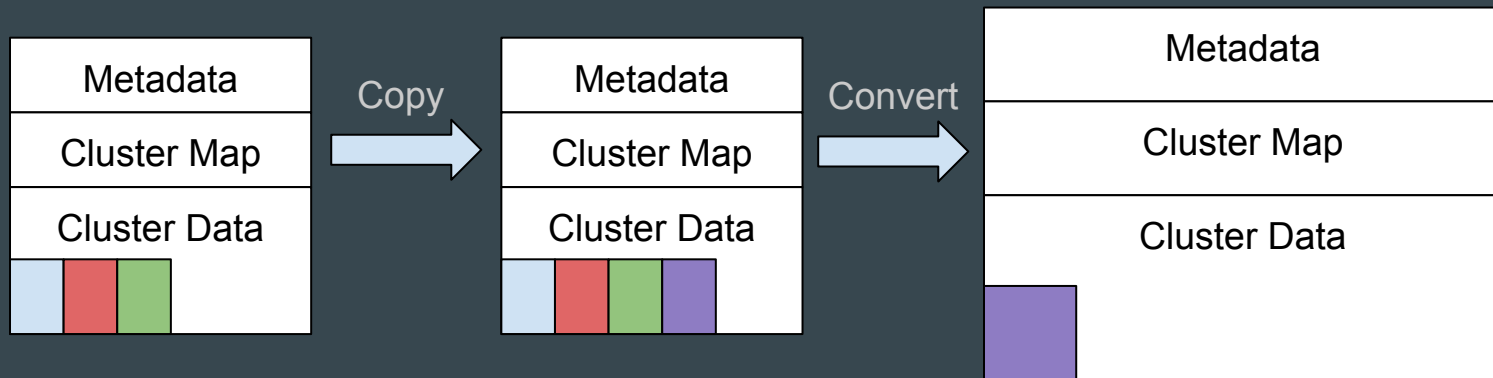
```
$ cp base.qcow2 image.qcow2
```



Create Delta From 2 qcow2 Images

```
$ qemu-img rebase -b base.qcow2 image.qcow2
```

```
$ qemu-img convert -O qcow2 -o backing_file=base.qcow2 image.qcow2  
new_image.qcow2
```



Mount Image

- Convert to raw and use mount -o loop
 - ◆ `mount -o loop,offset=32256 image.raw /mnt`
- Convert to raw and use losetup
 - ◆ `losetup /dev/loop0 image.raw`
 - ◆ `kpartx -a /dev/loop0`
 - ◆ `mount /dev/loop0p1 /mnt`
- Use nbd
 - ◆ `modprobe nbd`
 - ◆ `qemu-nbd -c /dev/nbd0 image.qcow2`
 - ◆ `mount /dev/nbd0p1 /mnt`

libguestfs

From its webpage <http://libguestfs.org>:

libguestfs is a set of tools for accessing and modifying virtual machine (VM) disk images. You can use this for viewing and editing files inside guests, scripting changes to VMs, [monitoring disk used/free statistics](#), [creating guests](#), P2V, [V2V](#), performing backups, cloning VMs, building VMs, formatting disks, resizing disks, and much more.



guestfish - Read or Edit Files

```
$ guestfish -ia image.qcow2
><fs> cat /var/log/service/error.log
><fs> vi /etc/service.conf
```

```
$ guestfish -ia image.qcow2 <<EOF
upload service.conf /etc/service.conf
tar-in ssh-configuration.tar /etc/sshd
EOF
```

```
$ guestfish --ro -i -c qemu:///system -d vm-name
><fs> cat /var/log/service/error.log
```

virt-customize

- Starts custom VM and attach disks and connects to network
- Change passwords, create users
- Move files
- Install packages
- **Execute scripts**

```
virt-customize [--options]
  [-d domname | -a disk.img [-a disk.img ...] ] [--chmod PERMISSIONS:FILE] [--commands-from-file FILENAME]
  [--copy SOURCE:DEST] [--copy-in LOCALPATH:REMOTEDIR] [--delete PATH] [--edit FILE:EXPR] [--firstboot SCRIPT]
  [--firstboot-command 'CMD+ARGS'] [--firstboot-install PKG,PKG..] [--hostname HOSTNAME] [--install PKG,PKG..]
  [--link TARGET:LINK[:LINK..]] [--mkdir DIR] [--move SOURCE:DEST] [--password USER:SELECTOR] [--root-password SELECTOR]
  [--run SCRIPT] [--run-command 'CMD+ARGS'] [--scrub FILE] [--sm-attach SELECTOR] [--sm-register] [--sm-remove]
  [--sm-unregister] [--ssh-inject USER[:SELECTOR]] [--truncate FILE] [--truncate-recursive PATH] [--timezone TIMEZONE] [--touch FILE]
  [--update] [--upload FILE:DEST] [--write FILE:CONTENT] [--no-logfile] [--password-crypto md5|sha256|sha512]
  [--selinux-relabel] [--sm-credentials SELECTOR]
```

OpenNebula Marketplace Images

- Download CentOS images
- Create CDROM with OpenNebula context packages
- Create script to modify the image
 - Mount CDROM
 - Install context packages
 - Remove cloud-init and NetworkManager packages
 - Install EPEL repository
 - Install growpart packages



OpenNebula Images - Create CDROM

Download context packages from github

```
curl -s https://api.github.com/repos/OpenNebula/addon-context-  
linux/releases | jq -r '.[0].assets[].browser_download_url' |  
xargs -L1 wget -P repo
```

Create ISO image with label "EXTRA"

```
genisoimage -o extra-packages.iso -R -J -V EXTRA repo/
```



OpenNebula Images - Prepare Script

```
mkdir /tmp/mount
mount LABEL=EXTRA /tmp/mount

# Install opennebula context package
rpm -Uvh /tmp/mount/one-context*.rpm

# Remove cloud-init and NetworkManager
yum remove -y NetworkManager cloud-init

# Install growpart and upgrade util-linux
yum install -y epel-release --nogpgcheck
yum install -y cloud-utils-growpart --nogpgcheck
yum upgrade -y util-linux --nogpgcheck
```



OpenNebula Images - Calling virt-customize

```
# Create an overlay to preserve original image
```

```
$ qemu-img create -f qcow2 -b $orig $image
```

```
# Run customization
```

```
$ virt-customize --attach $ISO_IMAGE --run $script --format qcow2  
-v -a $image --root-password disabled
```



Optimizing Images

- qemu-img does not know anything about filesystems
- Blocks not allocated (sparse files) or that contain zeroes are not copied
- Normal file deletion does not zero or deallocate blocks
- Swap partitions contain information if used
- This information can be stripped to make the images smaller
- **virt-sparsify to the rescue!**



Optimizing Images - virt-sparsify

There are two ways of doing sparsification:

- Normal Sparsification:
 - Occupies the maximum space of the image
- In Place Sparsification:
 - Create an sparse qcow2 file



Optimizing Images - Normal Sparsification

- Create overlay of the image
- Create a file in all filesystems and fill it with zeroes until there is not more space and delete file
- Fill swap partitions with zeroes
- Convert it to a new qcow2 file skipping zero blocks

```
$ TMPDIR=/var/tmp virt-sparsify original.qcow2 new.qcow2
```



Optimizing Images - In Place Sparsification

- Uses trim command, normally used for SSD disks
- Deallocates blocks from filesystem
- Does not require the total amount of disk space
- The qcow2 file contains holes and is not the best one for distribution
- Can be converted to a non sparse qcow2 file
- Can not be used with compression

```
$ virt-sparsify --in-place original.qcow2 new.qcow2
```

Optimizing Images - Compression

- qcow2 images can have the blocks compressed
- Compression rate is less than xz or bzip2
- Is more convenient as it can be directly used as is
- Use of these images trades disk space for CPU consumption
- Can be done directly in virt-sparsify with `--compress` (not In Place)



qemu-img tips

- There are two qcow2 file formats, pre version 0.10 and newer
 - CentOS 6 does not support post 0.10 version
 - On conversion or creation it can be specified with `-o compat=0.10`
- `qemu-img < 2.4` does not support creation of delta images with compression
 - This tool can be easily compiled manually
 - Download qemu 2.4 code
 - `./configure`
 - `make qemu-img`



Thank You!