

CentOS: Large LDAP deployments

Didi Hoffmann <didi@ribalba.de>

What



- What is the problem ?
- How can it be solved ?
- Why LDAP ?
- How to implement ?
 - Server
 - Client
- Questions





Student @ Bournemouth University





www.hacktags.org



Who is funding me

Bournemouth University computing degree







What is the problem



- One case:
- 263 million user accounts
 - 30000+ users 8000+ machines
- Every machine / user different
 - Apache, AFS
 - Different users allowed access
- Keep everything in sync

Solution ...

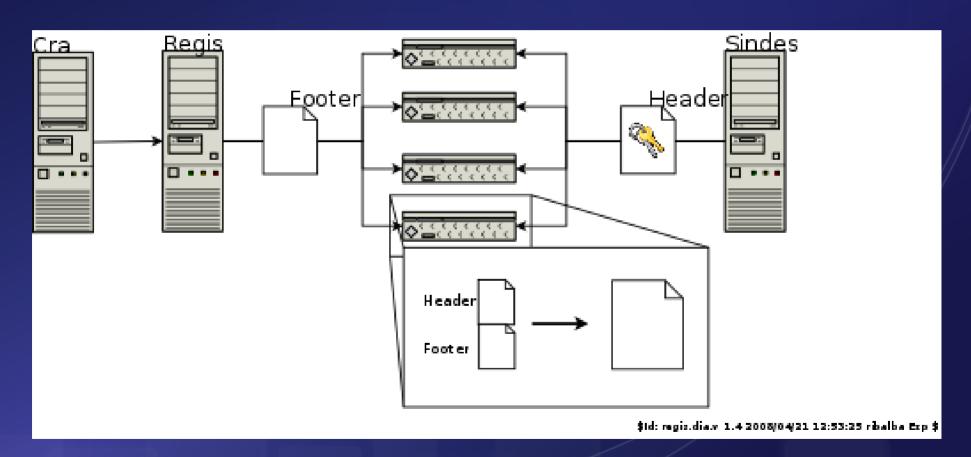


- NIS
- NIS+
- Distributed file p2p
- MySQL
- Something Microsoft Windows based?



Solutions

File based



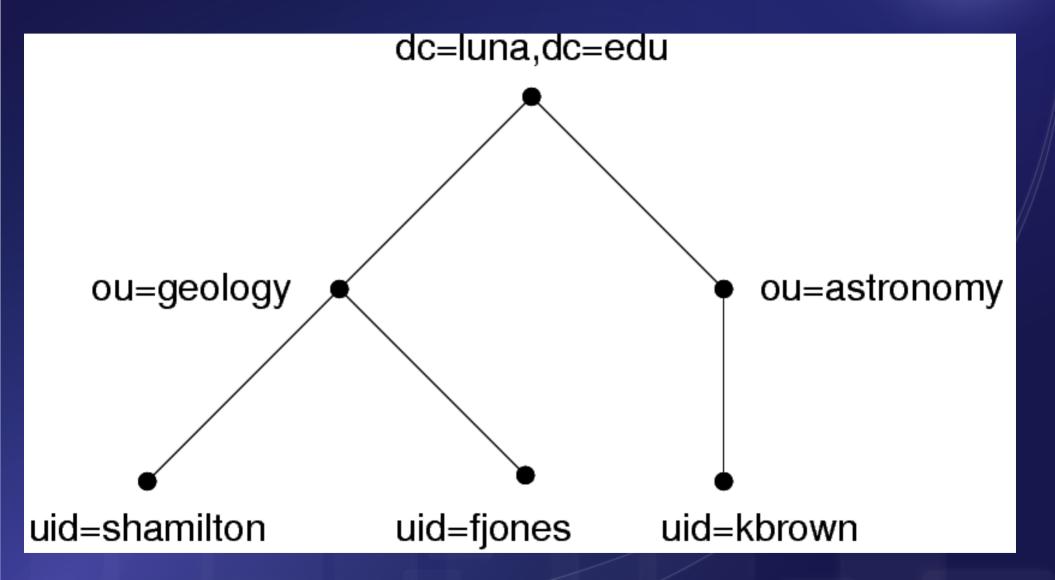
What is LDAP



- Lightweight Directory Access <u>Protocol</u>
- Light X.500
- TCP/IP
- Currently LDAPv3



What is LDAP ...



Buzzwords: Distinguished Name, LDAP Data Interchange Format (LDIF)

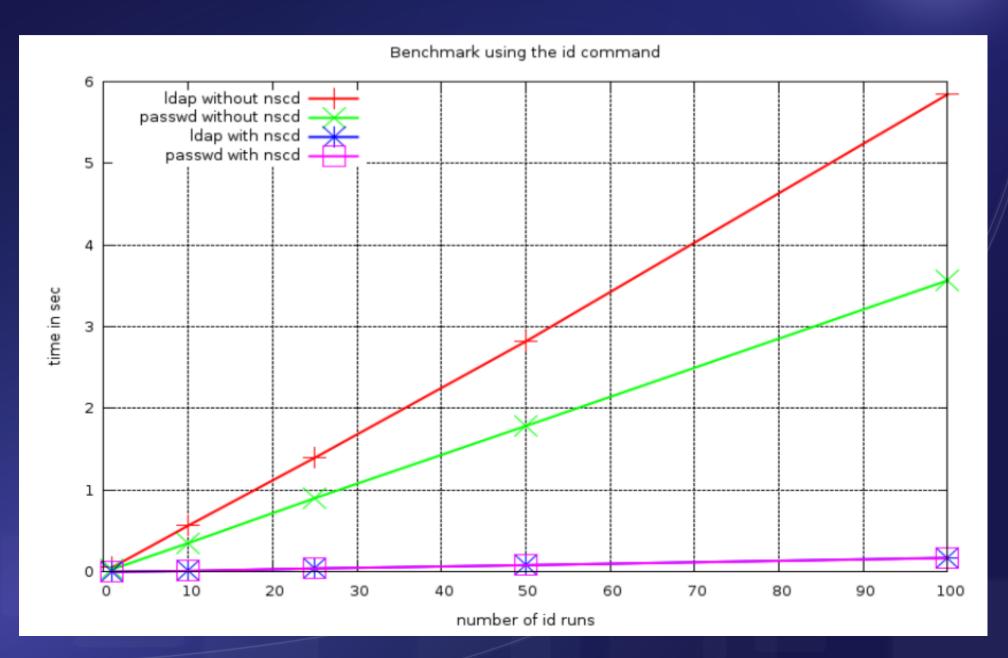
Why



- Reduce data redundancy
- Industry standard
- Pretty much all tools written and supported
- OS independent
- Scalable



Some info



How



- OpenLDAP / Directory Server
- nss_ldap
- pam_ldap
- Nscd

Everything well documented

How setup server



- Install the openIdap, openIdap-servers, and openIdap-clients RPMs.
- Edit the /etc/openIdap/slapd.conf
- /sbin/service ldap start
- Idapadd
- (Idapsearch)





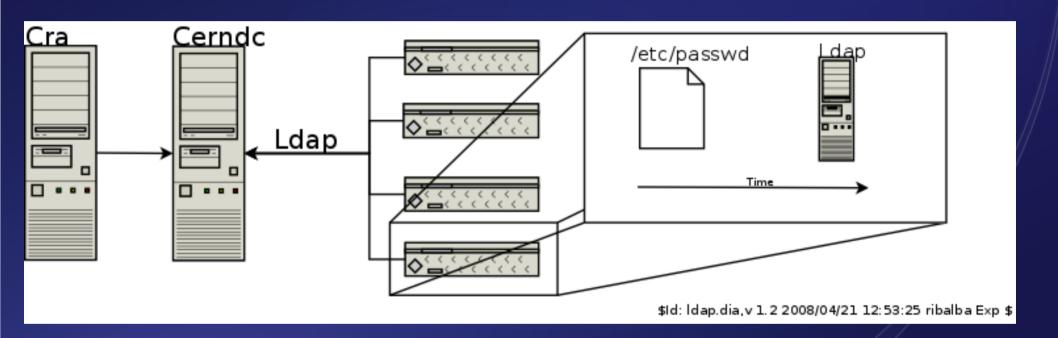
System-config-authentication

The good old way

- /etc/ldap.conf and /etc/openIdap/ldap.conf
- /etc/nsswitch.conf



And now



Some packages



- openIdap
- openIdap-servers
- OpenIdap-devel
- OpenIdap-clients
- Python-Idap
- nss_ldap

Security



- TLS
- SASL
- Kerberos
- Unencrypted

Conclusion



- Good if you have many users that change often
- NFS uid sync
- Companies should always use it ;)
- Protocol / Program
- New protocol to learn
 - =>Not always straight forward

Finally





